



PHYS 301
Electricity and Magnetism

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Today!

- Electric fields
 - Coulomb's law
 - Gauss' law

ELECTROSTATICS

[Source charges at rest]

- **Basic problem:**
Find forces on **test charge** due to **source charges**
- **Superposition Principle** holds for forces and vector fields

THE ELECTRIC FIELD:

For a single point charge: $\vec{E} = \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_o} \frac{q}{r^2} \hat{r}$

For a differentially small point charge: $d\vec{E} = \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_o} \frac{dq}{r^2} \hat{r}$

For continuous charge distribution: $\vec{E} = \int d\vec{E} = \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_o} \int \frac{dq}{r^2} \hat{r}$

where $\epsilon_o = 8.85 \times 10^{-12} \text{ C}^2 / \text{Nm}^2$

GAUSS' LAW:

INTEGRAL FORM: $\oint_{\text{surf}} \vec{E} \cdot d\vec{a} = \frac{q_{\text{encl}}}{\epsilon_o}$

DIFFERENTIAL FORM: $\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{E} = \frac{\rho}{\epsilon_o}$

NOTE:

$$q = \int_{\text{vol}} \rho(\vec{r}') d\tau$$